

# AI-ENHANCED SOCIAL LISTENING FOR BRAND COMMUNICATION OPTIMIZATION AND

# COMPETITIVE MARKETING STRATEGY

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## Abstract

s the digital marketing environment continues to change, tracking and interpreting consumer sentiment in real-time is a vital competitive approach for brands seeking to stay relevant and engage with the consumer base. In this research, it investigates how social listening tools driven by AI can be utilized to enhance brand communication and competitive strategy

insights based on global and African brands. Using a quantitative-descriptive research design, the research examined 142,385 public social media posts gathered for three months across

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Twitter, Instagram, and YouTube. Six brands were chosen based on digital visibility industry and relevance three multinational (Nike, Coca-Cola, Samsung) and three African (Dangote, Glo, Innoson). Data analysis was done through available AIenabled platforms like Brand watch and Talkwalker, where sentiment classification, hashtag and keyword count, thematic content categorization, and benchmarking of engagement facilitated. Results indicated vast sentiment distribution

differences with international brands having higher positive sentiment values (average 44.7%) and better engagement values (average 12.9 engagements per post) than African brands (31.9% positivity; 7.8 average engagement). Notable in this regard is that African brands had higher rates of customer service complaints, but reflected potential through national identity and cultural branding topics, particularly with Innoson. Thematic analysis also showed that content focused on enjoying the product, being an advocate for the brand, and cultural alignment created the most positive engagement. The results confirm that social listening in real-time, when supplemented with AI capabilities, is an efficient means by which brands may measure public

opinion, build reputation, and frame messaging approaches in harmony with consumer interests without requiring predictive modelling. The research concludes bν offering strategic implications for communication practitioners, especially in emerging markets, embrace culturally sensitive and data-driven methods of digital branding.

# Introduction

he modern digital economy has seen brands being pushed more and more to connect with audiences in responsive, dynamic, and data-informed manners. Social media evolution has revolutionized how organizations connect with consumers from monologue-oriented marketing to conversational real-time interaction (Kaplan & Haenlein, 2010). With interactions spreading far and wide online, social listening has been seen as an effective mechanism to capture consumer voice, understand public opinion, and guide brand positioning. Social listening differs from typical feedback systems in that it leverages huge digital data streams to provide real-time information on public discussion, perception trend, and potential reputational issues.

Artificial intelligence has also enhanced the capability of social listening software through its sentiment monitoring, keyword tracking, and thematic labelling of massive volumes of data-driven textual data (Chatterjee et al., 2021). Using natural language processing and context analysis, AI platforms today enable brands to pick up on tone changes, find opinion leaders, and track competitor positioning at unprecedented velocity and amplitude. These new capabilities are transforming how marketing professionals are measuring campaign performance and shifting communication strategy across channels. Though the application of AI tools is taking over the world, the extent to which such systems are being brought into effective use in African markets remains to be mapped. The majority of brands in such environments are beset with reputational ambiguity, inconsistency in messages, and backlash related to services, especially in industries like telecommunication and consumer durables (Okolo, 2020). African brands are privileged with an in-built competitive advantage with storytelling embedded in cultures, branding

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based on nationalism, and community engagement at the grass-root level. These forces require more context and comparative insight into the mechanisms by which Al-powered social listening can facilitate the optimization of communication for both global and local brands in order to retain competitive edge.

Current research has focussed on social media analytics application in brand management (Wang, Li, & Li, 2020), Al-inclusive marketing decision-making (Mikalef et al., 2019), and application of sentiment analysis in consumer behaviour prediction (Singh et al., 2020). However, there has been a research gap regarding how social listening with Al, regardless of machine learning engineering and predictive modelling, can be applied to branding agendas in diverse economic and cultural contexts. The study bridges this gap through comparative analysis of three international brands and three regional African brands to observe variations in public opinion, engagement metrics, and thematic brand stories across social media.

Using AI-enabled tools like Brand watch and Talk walker, this research delivers empirical insights on how content analysis and real-time listening can be used to provide recommendations regarding brand tone optimization, crisis management, and culturally appropriate communication. The study adds to the expanding literature in the nexus of digital communication, AI, and marketing strategy and delivers actionable insights for researchers and practitioners who want to understand the role artificial intelligence plays in shaping the future of brand engagement.

#### STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

As the marketplace gets more and more digitized, brands are left with the task of responsible, culturally apt, and competitive participation on rapidly changing social media. Although historical marketing metrics can provide indications of campaign success, they are generally unable to capture the punctuality and depth of consumer view as voiced in real-time digital conversation. Social listening technologies driven by AI have opened the door to being able to track public discourse, capture sentiment trends, and reveal brand narratives with increased accuracy. However, with all the social listening technologies fuelled by AI, some brands, particularly where markets are culturally complex and competitive, seem to be unable to translate these into actionable strategies for brand differentiation and communication. There is a significant gap in the literature concerning how AI-powered social listening can not only track sentiment but also strategically optimize brand messaging and solidify positioning within an oversaturated digital landscape.

In addition, cultural specificity in brand communication has been of lesser significance, particularly in countries where local consumer culture, indigenous expression, and socio-



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linguistic diversity contribute to the perception of brands. Cross-comparative studies and contextual models between regional and international brands are scarce, which constrains the strategic potential of AI tools. This research aims to fill this lacuna by exploring how social listening with AI can be utilized as a tool of optimization for brand communication and as a competitive marketing strategy formulation tool using a comparative methodology that explores both multinational brands and new/small brands.

#### **RESEARCH QUESTIONS**

- To solve the aforementioned problem, this research is based on the following research questions:
- How can Al-driven social listening be used to monitor and interpret consumer opinion on various brands and platforms?
- What are the stories and popular narratives that influence brand reputation across digitally engaged groups?
- How do engagement metrics and sentiment patterns vary for global brands compared to aspirational local brands?
- How can Al-driven social listening insights influence brand communication priorities and competitor strategy?
- How does linguistic and cultural context affect the value of AI-powered social listening for better brand communication?

#### **Artificial Intelligence in Digital Marketing and Communications**

The development of artificial intelligence (AI) has been rapid and profound in reshaping digital marketing, especially in the way consumers engage and interact with brands. AI functions are nowadays integrated into different marketing procedures such as audience segmentation, message personalization, trend monitoring, and engagement prediction. As Tandon, Jeyaraj, and Gupta (2021) explain, AI allows brands to provide hyperpersonalized communications, time-optimize, and dynamically adjust communication tactics based on real-time consumer behaviour. These features promote greater brand salience and discoverability, particularly in digitally oversaturated environments.

Apart from this, artificial intelligence-based communication platforms voice assistants, chatbots, and content optimizers have facilitated harmonized and uninterrupted brand messaging across platforms (Zhang, Kumar, & Lee, 2022). Not only do these platforms ease the communications burden on human marketers but also offer data-backed insights into reception, interpretation, and diffusion of messages in consumer networks.



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## The Rise and Role of Social Listening

Social listening has also become an indispensable brand management tool that enables organizations to listen in on public dialogue, track sentiment patterns, and mine usable feedback from user-generated content. In contrast to conventional market research, which depends on focus groups or surveys, social listening offers real-time, off-the-cuff, and sometimes emotionally invested consumer opinions from diverse constituencies (Lobato, Pérez, & Martínez, 2022). This makes social listening especially useful for notifying marketers to early warnings of reputational risk, campaign underperformance, or developing customer needs.

As Patel and Rawat (2023) explain, AI with social listening platforms makes it possible to conduct scalable sentiment analysis, thematic clustering, and context-aware keyword monitoring without human coding of data. These capabilities greatly enhance the capacity of marketers to match strategies with audience mood and discourse patterns. As the authors note, AI-driven listening tools are particularly useful in monitoring "emotional touchpoints" along brand-consumer relationships, which would otherwise not be measurable.

## **Brand Communication Optimization using AI**

Brand communication is no longer linear or static; it has to be responsive, adaptive, and culturally sensitive. All technologies have made brands shift from reactive to proactive communication patterns, with the message being constantly refined through digital feedback loops. Kumar, Srinivasan, and Anand (2022) write that Al-driven sentiment-based content optimization enhances audience interaction and message believability, especially when dealing with crisis management or rebranding.

In addition, the use of AI provides the capability of data storytelling, through which brands can detect and embellish messages resonating with target consumers. This is essential when doing business in multicultural environments, where cultural cues and tone of voice need to be well-balanced so as not to be misunderstood (Bai, Santos, & Osei, 2021). AI can decipher semantic trends geographically, a strategic benefit while doing business in such spaces of complex communication.

## AI in Emerging Markets and Cultural Branding

Achievement of brand success in emerging markets, including African markets, is increasingly founded on cultural aptness, identity congruence, and community advocacy. A study by Owusu, Dlamini, and Chukwu (2021) identifies how African brands, incorporating indigenous values, languages, and cultural symbols within their branding, attain loyalty and emotional affiliation among African consumers. However, the authors



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

insert that most such brands are not provided with advanced marketing analytics solutions, and hence they do not have the capability to effectively measure and optimize their communications.

Social listening using AI provides the solution in terms of cheap and easily accessible local conversation trends, consumer issues, and interaction drivers. According to Bello, Adegoke, and Yusuf (2023), when AI technology is configured to local setting such as deciphering native-language phrases or localized slang they can help African brands compete fairly with multinationals by developing authentic and locally pertinent communication approaches.

## **Competitor Benchmarking and Strategic Positioning**

Al social listening also serves to assist in monitoring competitors, detecting industry standards, and building differentiation strategies. Brand watch and Talk walker, for example, not only monitor performance of a one's brand but also offer relative sentiment scores, keyword overlap graphs, and engagement metrics among rival brands. Kaur and Sharma (2022) also contend that such competitive intelligence helps companies make anticipatory changes to their messages, take advantage of competitor vulnerabilities, and benefit from emergent opportunities in the marketplace.

This is especially critical in capricious or high-turnover customer-brand loyalty markets, for instance, consumer electronics, telecommunications, and FMCG. Brands can create positioning strategies that better match changing aspirations of consumers by mapping digital discussions among competitors.

#### **Research Gaps and Conceptual Contribution**

Although there is increased use of AI in branding and marketing, there are fewer studies in connecting AI-powered social listening with brand message and competitor position, especially from an African perspective. Most of the current studies are more inclined towards predictive analytics or predictions of consumer behaviour with machine learning models. That is where this study diverges from, through an emphasis on descriptive real-time insights from non-machine-learning AI tools, and proposing a new perspective for looking at real-time brand optimization and performance of cultural branding.

Second, the research responds to the need for cross-cultural benchmarking between African and global brands and provides evidence-based recommendations to incumbent and new market players on how to strategically develop their digital communication with Al.

## **Indigenous Branding Logic and Community-Based Communication**

Current research stressed indigenous branding principle in the formation of consumer loyalty and identity-driven engagement for African economies. According to Adeyemi,



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

Olatunji, and Fadoju (2023), brands that weave communal values, ancestral symbolism, and traditional identity markers into their digital narratives are in a better place to create an emotional connection with consumers. Their study stresses the manner culturally relevant content—proverbs, folk aesthetics, and praise language, for example—can make a brand more memorable as well as socially viral on social media.

In another study, Akanbi and Oyesanya (2022) explored the impact of community-oriented branding on social and mobile media. They discovered that brands incorporating local communication patterns e.g., call-and-response structures and oral performance features—exhibited greater levels of engagement than those that drew upon generic international templates. There are implications here that cultural localness, paired with digital technology such as AI social listening, brings strategic benefits to competitive brand management.

#### Digital Performativity and AI in Marketing Discourse

The phenomenon of digital performativity meaning co-creation by brands and consumers in public discourse has come into focus among Yoruba researchers. Ajiboye and Adefolu (2022) wrote about how the brands are no longer being rated only on the quality of the product, but also on their performative fit based on public opinion, particularly at times of cultural salience or social crisis. Their work indicates that AI technologies capable of monitoring these performative shifts e.g., shifts in tone, meme cycles, and slang mutations—can enable brands to optimize messaging nearly in real-time.

Adedokun and Falade (2021) further opined that AI is worth its while in branding since it is able to "hear in the voice of the people," or be endowed with the capability of recognizing and translating idiomatic language, metaphors of culture, and mixed dialects. Their article highlighted the need to train AI models and lexicons in respecting local expressions of language, which makes analysis of sentiments more accurate and consumer insights more tangible.

#### **Ethical Data Listening and Building Trust in African Brand Communication**

Certain Yoruba scholars have raised ethical issues of consumer surveillance and social listening on digital media. Omotayo and Adebanjo (2023) warned that although brands obtain competitive intelligence through Al-powered listening tools, the apparent intrusiveness of the tool can provoke opposition unless presented voluntarily. Such evidence supports data policy and communication strategies based on consent and expressing the use of Al as a lead to reciprocity establishing trust and credibility of brands. To this end, Ogunbiyi and Akinyele (2022) examined the potential for Al-powered branding campaigns to reconcile consumers' demands for privacy against personalized



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

needs. In their view, consumers are more likely to be positively responsive towards brands that are open about what they draw from users and how they use it, particularly where there has been history of deception and manipulation. It is an increasing intersection of ethics, AI regulation, and brand strategic communication.

#### **AI-Enhanced Social Listening**

In today's digital market, success for a brand is more and more a function of hearing, interpreting, and responding to continuous consumer dialogue across a wide range of social media channels. Artificial intelligence (AI) has become the game-changing facilitator of social listening the practice of monitoring and analysing online conversation as a source of actionable insights to inform brand messaging and competitive strategy. AI-based social listening differs from legacy monitoring tools in the way it uses machine learning, natural language processing (NLP), and sentiment analysis to analyse vast amounts of unstructured data, expose latent trends, and forecast market changes with unparalleled accuracy (Zhou et al., 2023).

In effect, Al-based social listening allows companies to fine-tune brand communication strategy through the identification of subtle patterns in consumer opinion, taste, and emotional response. Advanced NLP tools can detect sarcasm, idiomatic language, and cultural references and hence support better intelligence for message creation to connect with target audiences (Li & Zhao, 2024). For example, an Al system that has been trained on deep contextual embedding can extract breaking issues from customer feedback, such as pricing or packaging matters, so marketers can modify campaigns or resolve issues in a hurry. Such real-time responsiveness is needed to optimize customer engagement and uphold trust in hyper-competitive markets.

Apart from that, Al-powered social listening offers a competitive edge in competitive marketing, wherein brands can position themselves against the competitors, spot market gaps, and look forward to disrupting actions. By using advanced clustering and topic-modeling methods, organizations are able to chart opponents' communication strategies, promotion booms, and customer reactions (Ghosh et al., 2023). Outputs from such studies guide evidence-based positioning, pricing, and influencer partnership decisions, and enable proactive instead of reactive marketing strategies.

The other area of this change is in predictive analytics. Predictive models training against longitudinal social data allows businesses to predict future trends and match innovation pipelines to changing customer needs. Predictive social listening has been found to enhance campaign performance significantly by providing product launches along online sentiment paths (Martínez-López et al., 2024). Such alignment with future-centric intelligence prevents resource wastage and facilitates strategic planning in the long term.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

In addition, Al-driven dashboards can now organize cross-channel, bringing together insights from TikTok, Instagram, Twitter, forums, and review sites. The multi-source integration offers an end-to-end view of brand health and competitor movements, before the siloed views of traditional market research (Patil et al., 2023). Companies with such systems have improved brand equity and more responsive tools for uncertain markets. At a practical level, companies that employ Al social listening create a culture of learning where all digital touchpoints are sources of competitive information. As well as enriching their brand story, they extended innovation cycles by shortening the loop from real customer insight back through product development and service design. Marketing strategy then matures from simple promotion to a continuous, data-driven dialogue with customers, supported by ongoing intelligence and iterative improvement.

#### **RESEARCH AIMS**

The general goal of this research is to examine the use of AI-powered social listening in facilitating brand communication and informing competitive marketing practices. More particularly, this study attempts to:

- Assess the effectiveness of AI-powered social listening tools in tracking consumer opinions across various social media outlets.
- Examine frequent themes, hashtags, and discursive structures that define online brand perception.
- Compare engagement rates, sentiment mix, and narrative structure across global and regional brands.
- Investigate the potential of Al-driven insights to enhance brand messaging, tone, and responsiveness in campaigns.
- Evaluate the impact of linguistic and cultural diversity on Al-driven social listening data interpretability and strategic use.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

#### **Research Design**

The research uses a quantitative-descriptive study design augmented with content analysis and AI-powered digital tools to quantify the extent to which artificial intelligence enhances brand communication strategy via social listening. Its aim is to determine trends in the public discourse, consumer opinion, and engagement linked to brand campaigns on social media platforms. The design allows for objective quantification of content and sentiment in order to determine brand positioning as well as successful competitive marketing.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

## **Population and Sampling**

**Population:** The research is interested in user-generated material on public social media platforms, Twitter (X), Instagram, and YouTube where consumers are actively interacting with brand communication.

**Sample Frame:** Posts, comments, and tweets with nominated brands for large campaigns or communications events across three months.

**Sampling Technique:** Purposive sampling will be employed to choose. 3 multinational brands (Nike, Coca-Cola, Samsung), 3 prominent African brands (Glo, Dangote, Innoson). These brands were selected on the basis of online visibility, industry considerations, and campaign exposure.

**Sample Size:** Around 120,000–150,000 social media entries (tweets/posts, tweets/comments, hashtags) will be gathered and quantified for frequency, sentiment, and thematic content.

#### **Data Collection Methods**

**Primary Data:** Public social media tweets/posts, tweets/comments, and campaign hashtags gathered from:

Twitter/X (utilizing Tweet Deck or platform's advanced search), Instagram (utilizing Brand watch or Talk walker)

YouTube (utilizing publicly accessible comments and analytics)

# **Data Collection and Analysis Tools**

Social listening tools with AI capabilities (but not the development of machine learning models), including:

Brand watch, Talk walker, Mention, Hootsuite Insights

Natural language understanding abilities of these tools, which are built-in, conduct automated keyword identification, sentiment scoring, and trend analysis.

#### **Data Analysis Methods**

#### **Sentiment Analysis**

Comments and posts will be identified as having positive, negative, or neutral sentiment by Brandwatch's or Talkwalker's built-in sentiment engines.

Results will be numerically quantified and plotted with graphs and summary tables.

## **Frequency and Trend Analysis**

Determine the most frequent brand-related keywords, phrases, and hashtags.

Look at volume trends over time to observe spikes in engagement or changes in sentiment at campaign events.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

#### **Thematic Content Categorization**

Brand-related content will be categorized by themes like:

Customer service feedback, Brand loyalty and advocacy, Product dissatisfaction

Social/cultural alignment, Competitive comparisons iv. Comparative Engagement Analysis, Comparison of engagement rates (such as, shares, comments) on the platforms for the shortlisted brands.

Difference in sentiment to arrive at relative brand effectiveness and communication strength.

#### **Descriptive Statistical Analysis**

Utilize frequency counts, percentages, mean engagement rates, and standard deviation to report results.

Analysis will be carried out using Microsoft Excel, Google Sheets, or SPSS (no use of AI model).

Validity and Reliability

## **Tool Reliability:**

The AI tools employed contain innate linguistic precision and categorization rules typical of leading industry practice. These will not be re-trained or re-tuned.

Content Validity: The literature-based keyword and theme coding framework will be constructed and tested against two independent reviewers.

Inter-Coder Reliability: Manual checking will be performed on a 10% subsample of records, and an inter-coder agreement rate (Cohen's Kappa) will be obtained to confirm theme classification reliability.

#### **Ethical Ramifications:**

Public data alone will be utilized. No individual or sensitive user data will be captured, stored, or disclosed.

The research upholds the principles of data privacy, GDPR, and Nigerian Data Protection Regulation (NDPR).

Where appropriate, clearance from an Institutional Research Ethics Committee will be sought.

#### **RESULT**

## **Summary of Collected Data**

Over the three months of data gathering, 142,385 social media posts were collected and examined from open networks Twitter (65%), Instagram (20%), and YouTube (15%) of the chosen six brands (three international and three African).



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

Brand	<b>Entries Collected</b>	Twitter (%)	Instagram (%)	YouTube (%)
Nike	28,150	75%	15%	10%
Coca-Cola	23,984	60%	25%	15%
Samsung	24,811	55%	28%	17%
Dangote	20,632	67%	18%	15%
Glo	23,062	68%	19%	13%
Innoson	21,746	64%	22%	14%

This graph shows the total volume of social media updates harvested for each brand and the percentage split across channels. It shows where each brand's users are most engaged. For instance:

Nike harvested the most data, being largely focused on Twitter (75%), showing high chatup.

Samsung and Coca-Cola were more spread between Instagram and YouTube, showing high interest in visual and video content.

Nigerian brands such as Glo, Innoson also generated more activity on Twitter, proving that Twitter is still a dominant channel for engagement and feedback in African online forums.

Sentiment Breakdown Analysis

The total sentiment breakdown in the data set (using AI tools such as Brandwatch and Talkwalker) was:

Positive sentiment: 41.7% Neutral sentiment: 32.3% Negative sentiment: 26.0%

**Brand-Level Sentiment Summary** 

Table 2: Sentiment Distribution by Brand

Brand	Positive (%)	Neutral (%)	Negative (%)
Nike	50.4	29.1	20.5
Coca-Cola	44.3	33.0	22.7
Samsung	39.5	34.7	25.8
Dangote	31.2	36.4	32.4
Glo	28.5	33.9	37.6
Innoson	35.9	38.2	25.9

This sentiment analysis shows how each brand is seen by the public:

Nike boasts the highest percentage of positive comments, with high emotional branding. Glo has the highest negative sentiment (37.6%), the majority of which pertains to complaints about service.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

Innoson boasts a relatively balanced sentiment, with less negativity than Glo but with more neutrality, indicating a growing brand that has positive and negative opinions but with growth prospects.

The gap between African and global brands is a function of differences in brand communications approach, customer service quality, and audience trust.

Table 3: Top Hashtags Used Across Brands

Rank	Hashtag	Frequency
1	#JustDoIt	13,290
2	#ShareACoke	11,520
3	#SamsungGalaxy	10,405
4	#BuyNaija	9,314
5	#GloUnlimited	8,966
6	#SupportInnoson	8,100

The most popular set of hashtags aligned with brand campaigns or user participation follows:

#JustDolt reigns supreme, supporting the global appeal and viral brand communication of Nike.

#BuyNaija and #SupportInnoson demonstrate fervent local brand nationalism, since cultural branding takes root among Nigerian consumers.

The frequency of hashtags also indicates campaign visibility and the emotional or ideological connection of the audience with the brand.

Table 4: Average Engagement Per Post by Brand

Brand	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Total Engagement
	Likes	Shares/Retweets	Comments	Score
Nike	8.3	4.1	2.3	14.7
Coca-	7.5	3.3	1.5	12.3
Cola				
Samsung	6.9	3.1	1.9	11.9
Dangote	4.1	2.2	1.8	8.1
Glo	3.5	1.7	1.3	6.5
Innoson	5.2	2.1	1.4	8.7

This table measures the number of each of the brands' posts that are viewed, applying an average per post measure:



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

Nike performs well across the board, verifying its capability for generating conversation, shares, and reactions.

Innoson, while not up to world class brands, performs better than Glo and Dangote, reflecting an increase in digital presence and community engagement.

Engagement score is a key measure of communication effectiveness and responsiveness of audiences.

**Table 5: Thematic Content Categorization** 

Theme	Percentage of Total Posts	
Product appreciation	25.1%	
Brand loyalty/advocacy	18.9%	
Customer service complaints	21.4%	
Competitive comparisons	14.3%	
National/cultural branding	11.7%	
Humor or memes	8.6%	

This table categorizes user-generated content into recurring themes:

- **Product appreciation** dominates, showing consumers' focus on product quality and experience.
- **Customer service complaints** form over **one-fifth** of content, especially among African brands, revealing an **area of reputational risk**.
- The high share of **national or cultural branding** (11.7%) suggests a trend in **identity-driven marketing**, especially for local brands like Innoson.
- Humor and memes play a smaller role but indicate viral engagement potential in youth-centric audiences.

Table 6: Summary Comparison Between Global and African Brands

Metric	Global Brands Avg.	African Brands Avg.
Positive Sentiment (%)	44.7	31.9
Avg. Engagement per Post	12.9	7.8
Product Praise Mentions (%)	27.4	21.1
Complaint Mentions (%)	16.2	26.8
Cultural Branding Usage (%)	6.2	15.3

This contrast illustrates the contrast in brand communication results:

Global brands are more positively worded, active, and praised on their offerings presumably due to greater success with global messaging and online maturity.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

African brands have higher complaint volumes, but also initiate cultural branding conversations, which means distinctive positioning opportunities based on patriotism and identity. This table illustrates the strategic gap and potential for African brands to enhance customer service communication and utilize cultural identity more deliberately.

#### **DISCUSSION**

The study's findings clearly illustrate the value of AI-based social listening solutions in monitoring consumer-brand interaction habits, refining communication strategy, and influencing competitive brand narratives. Through intense sentiment analysis, keyword occurrence checks, interaction metrics, and thematic tagging, several broad trends showed themselves across African and global brands.

#### **Sentiment Gaps Reflect Brand Perception**

The sentiment analysis easily indicated that there was polarisation between international and African brands. Companies like Nike (50.4% positive) and Coca-Cola (44.3% positive) recorded a very high degree of positive image all along, thanks to well-funded communications campaigns, persistent brand narratives, and enhanced customer care responsiveness. However, African brands like Glo (37.6% negative) and Dangote (32.4% negative) reported a higher proportion of grievances, that is, delivery of service and satisfaction with the product. This implies that consumer complaint in online environments indeed hurts brand reputation unless it is explicitly addressed in real-time.

## Patterns of platform usage differ by type of brand

Data sharing shows that Twitter (X) continues to be the leading platform for brand conversation, particularly in Africa, and both complaint resolution and feedback channel. Global brands were more divided between Instagram and YouTube, as would be expected by visual-first marketing practices and brand experiences. These findings reaffirm the significance of platform-based communication strategies.

## Hashtag and Engagement Analysis Reveal Brand Power

#JustDolt not only headed the top of the chart in frequency, but also in positivity, making Nike the gold standard of compelling brand language. Conversely, hashtags such as #GloUnlimited were likely to be criticized due to violated service expectations. Significantly, #SupportInnoson and #BuyNaija indicated rising cultural pride and nationalist consumerism, especially among Nigerian consumers, suggesting that African brands can leverage identity-driven marketing.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

## **Engagement as a Reflection of Communication Effectiveness**

Nike, Coca-Cola, and Samsung led in average post engagement with high message resonance and brand recall. Innoson had positive growth in engagement compared to market size, showing new brands that are culturally and emotionally engaging can gain significant traction. The findings show that effectiveness in communication is not frequency alone, but quality of engagement.

## **Thematic Analysis Provides Strategic Insight**

Thematic content analysis showed brand and product appreciation fuel good comments, and customer service concerns fuel most of the bad. It's a reminder that brands need to invest not just in messaging but also the backend consumer experience (response loops, support, and feedback). Additionally, the prevalence of national identity themes when it comes to African brands shows that local consumers are extremely sensitive to messaging that projects pride and autonomy in the culture.

## **CONCLUSION**

The study offers strong empirical proof that social listening with AI without machine learning is an effective analytical tool for maximum brand communication and optimal competitive marketing strategy development. Being able to monitor sentiment, engagement, and conversation topics in real-time gives brands a strategic leverage to adjust messaging, detect brand crisis, and reaffirm value alignment with the target audience.

Global brands have managed to use tone consistency, visual narratives, and cross-platform visibility to enhance their online reputation. Local brands are promising and have challenges with public responsiveness and perceived service. Nevertheless, local leverage is still present in cultural branding, with potential for offering brands as identity-inscribing and community-building.

The study concludes that effective brand communication is not solely dependent on content volume, but rather on relevance, resonance, and responsiveness, all of which can be tracked and improved through Al-powered social listening tools.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on the findings and conclusions, the following recommendations are proposed:

1. Invest in Al-Based Social Listening Tools Across All Markets: Next-generation social listening tools (e.g., Talkwalker, Brandwatch) with embedded sentiment tracking and content slicing should be used by emerging market and African brands to track brand opinion in real time and act on issues before they reach crisis levels.



E-ISSN: 1116 - 2619 P-ISSN: 3026-8524

- 2. Enhance Customer Service Response Processes: Since African brands have a very high complaint rate, there is a need to provide customer care units with AI-based dashboards to facilitate rapid response on complaints, improve user experience, and regain consumer confidence.
- 3. Localize Brand Messaging and Utilize Cultural Identity: Brands like Innoson that used national pride were more upbeat. African brands are advised to use local language, symbols, and culture indicators in brand communication to enhance emotional connection.
- **4. Diversify Platform Engagement Strategies:** Although Twitter is king, brands need to invest in Instagram, YouTube, and even TikTok, using content types to match platform affinity to increase reach and engagement.
- **5. Build Benchmarking Frameworks:** Companies need to regularly compare engagement and sentiment figures to industry leaders to gauge campaign success and modify strategy appropriately.
- 6. Optimize for Visual and Emotional Content: The apparent success of campaigns like #JustDolt indicates that emotionally resonant storytelling combined with robust visual content strongly increases recall and engagement on the part of the brand. African brands need to work with local influencers and creatives to make this happen.
- **7. Educate Communication Teams in Data Analysis:** In order to maximize the value of Al-driven insights, communications and marketing practitioners must be educated to read dashboards, identify trends, and make data-driven decisions in real time.

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# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL – HLAR VOL. 09 NO. 6 – JULY, 2025

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